



<b>Project Title:</b>	Learning and Adapting for Food Security (LEAFS) Pilot Project in Kampot province
<b>Donor:</b>	Catholic Relief Service (CRS)
<b>Project Term:</b>	24 months (January 01, 2011 – December 31, 2012)
<b>Budget:</b>	USD 26,543.18
<b>Project Staff:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 1 Part-Time Project Coordinator</li> <li>- 2 Farmer Community Facilitators</li> <li>- 1 Part-time Project Accountant</li> </ul>
<b>Target Areas:</b>	6 villages in Koun Satv and Trapaing Sangke communes in Teuk Chhou district, Kampot province.
<b>Beneficiaries:</b>	It is expected that at least 108 women head households will be selected for participation in the project activities. In addition, members of existing farmer groups in the target areas will be invited to participate
<b>Project Goal:</b>	CRS, partners, communities and external agencies have increased knowledge about best practice options to improve the food security of poor rural households in the context of climate change.
<b>Project Objectives:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Evidence-based project results and learning are documented and disseminated in forms appropriate to stakeholder needs and capabilities</li> <li>2. Empowered households have increased income from diversified income-generation activities</li> </ol>
<b>Anticipated Results and Project outputs:</b>	<p>Result 1.1: CRS, partners and beneficiaries identify most appropriate practices to help land-restricted households adapt given changing weather patterns, based on project results and lessons learned</p> <p>Output 1.1.1: CRS and CEDAC have identified the needs of target communities and beneficiaries</p> <p>Output 1.1.2: CRS, CEDAC and beneficiaries have</p>

identified a basket of promising practices, based on new knowledge and previous experience  
Output 1.1.3: CRS and CEDAC have developed and implemented a rigorous and timely monitoring system that includes relevant components of participatory M&E

Result 2.1: Poor households are working together in cohesive, sustainable groups

Output 2.1.1: Beneficiary groups have been formed

Output 2.1.2: Beneficiary groups have increased group management capacity

Output 2.1.3: Beneficiary groups have undertaken cooperative activities

Result 2.2: Poor households are participating in communal savings and lending activities

Output 2.2.1: CRS and CEDAC staff have increased understanding of the SILC methodology for S&L

Output 2.2.2: SILC groups have increased capacity for saving and lending activities

Result 2.3: Poor households are applying appropriate practices for resilient homestead production based on new knowledge and experiences

Output 2.3.1: CRS and CEDAC staff have increased understanding about the Innovation and Experimentation skill-set

Output 2.3.2: Beneficiaries have increased understanding of appropriate options for resilient homestead production